PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Adams County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	ı
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	24
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	25
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	27
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	30

304 Inverness Way South, Suite 490, Englewood, CO 80112

(303) 689-0833

Board of Directors Park 70 Metropolitan District Adams County, Colorado

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Park 70 Metropolitan District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Park 70 Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other-Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

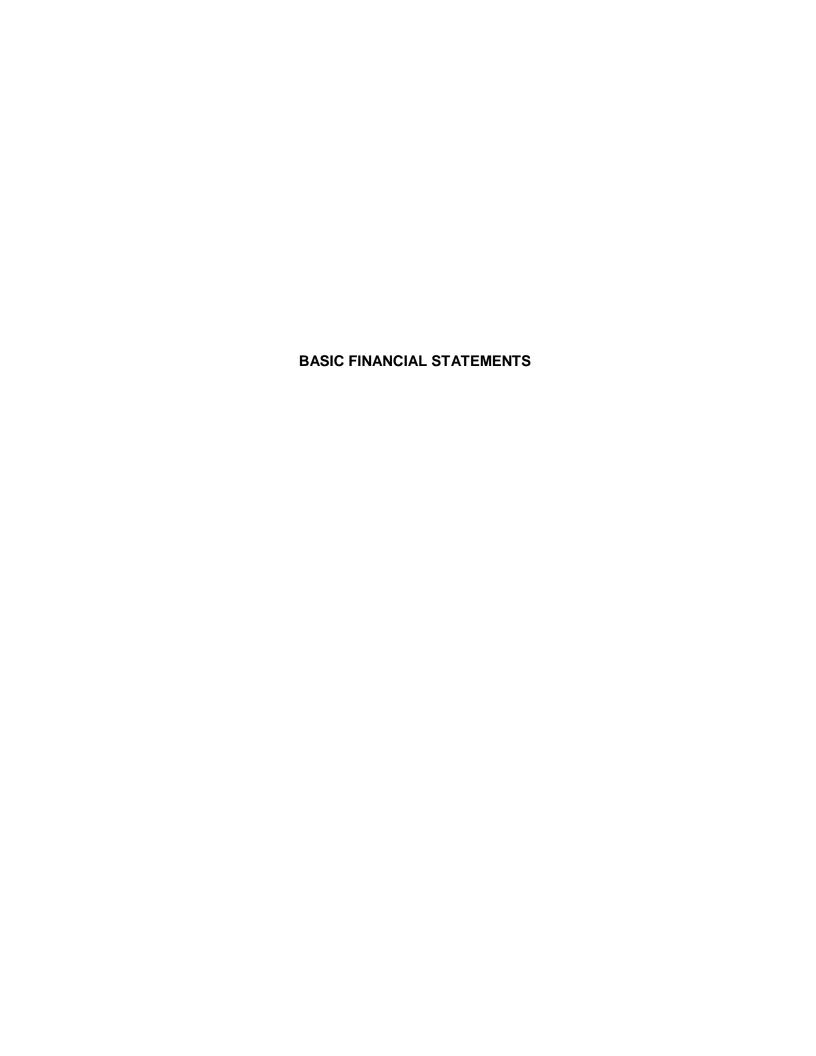
Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Park 70 Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Englewood, CO June 29, 2020

Simmons Election P.C.



PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,036,131
Cash and Investments - Restricted	3,524,375
Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer	16,328
Prepaid Expenses	650
Property Taxes Receivable	2,728,021
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	10,935,715
Total Assets	18,241,220
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	97,230
Accrued Interest on Loan Payable	131,272
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	497,804
Due in More Than One Year	36,454,810
Total Liabilities	37,181,116
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	2,728,021
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,728,021
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(1,154,518)
Restricted For:	() = /= -/
Emergency Reserves	17,400
Debt Service	1,805,709
Unrestricted	(22,336,508)
Total Net Position	\$ (21,667,917)

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Net Revenues

			Program Revenues		(Expenses) and Change in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	Lxperises	Gervices	Continuations	Contributions	Activities
General Government Conveyance of Assets to Other Entities Interest and Related Costs	\$ 790,128 1,551,792	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ (790,128) (1,551,792)
on Long-Term Debt	2,274,202				(2,274,202)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 4,616,122	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(4,616,122)
	Property Taxes Property Taxes Property Taxes Specific Ownersh Net Investment In Total Genera	ARTA nip Taxes ncome			2,479,570 68,877 205,247 144,617 2,898,311
	CHANGE IN NET I	POSITION			(1,717,811)
	Net Position - Begin	nning of Year			(19,950,106)
	NET POSITION - E	END OF YEAR			\$ (21,667,917)

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

	 General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer Prepaid Expenses	\$ 1,036,131 17,400 3,310 650	\$	1,991,807 13,018	\$	- 1,515,168 - -	\$	1,036,131 3,524,375 16,328 650
Property Taxes Receivable	 774,168	_	1,953,853	_	<u> </u>		2,728,021
Total Assets	\$ 1,831,659	\$	3,958,678	\$	1,515,168	\$	7,305,505
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$ 29,386	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,386
ARTA Payable Total Liabilities	 29,386		67,844 67,844		-		67,844 97,230
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue	774,168		1,953,853				2,728,021
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 774,168		1,953,853	_	-		2,728,021
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:	650		_		-		650
Restricted For:							
Emergency Reserves	17,400		-		-		17,400
Debt Service	-		1,936,981		-		1,936,981
Capital Projects	-		-		1,515,168		1,515,168
Unassigned	 1,010,055		-		-		1,010,055
Total Fund Balances	 1,028,105	_	1,936,981		1,515,168		4,480,254
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,							
and Fund Balances	\$ 1,831,659	\$	3,958,678	\$	1,515,168		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:							
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial							
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net							10,935,715
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not recorded as liabilities in the funds.							
Bonds Payable							(34,790,000)
Bond Premium (Net of Amortization)							(2,162,614)
Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds							(131,272)
Net Position of Governmental Activities						\$	(21,667,917)

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

REVENUES		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Property Taxes	\$	516,577	\$	1,962,993	\$	_	\$	2,479,570
Property Taxes - ARTA	Ψ	-	Ψ	68,877	Ψ	_	Ψ	68,877
Specific Ownership Taxes		41,604		163,643		_		205,247
Net Investment Income		21,371		55,002		68,244		144,617
Total Revenues		579,552	•	2,250,515		68,244		2,898,311
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Accounting		24,884		-		-		24,884
Audit		4,000		-		-		4,000
County Treasurer's Fees		7,750		29,449		-		37,199
County Treasurer's Fees - ARTA		-		1,033		-		1,033
Directors' Fees		600		-		-		600
Insurance		3,677		-		-		3,677
District Management		17,514		-		-		17,514
Legal		16,869		-		-		16,869
Dues		1,150		-		-		1,150
Miscellaneous		1,308		-		-		1,308
Banking Fees		165		-		-		165
Landscaping		69,696		-		-		69,696
Pest Control		4,000		-		-		4,000
Snowplowing and Sweeping		17,063		-		-		17,063
Utilities		36,015		-		-		36,015
Debt Service:								
Paying Agent Fees		-		3,000		-		3,000
ARTA Reimbursement		-		67,844		-		67,844
Bond Interest		-		1,457,931		-		1,457,931
Bond Principal		-		325,000		-		325,000
Capital Expenditures:								
Bond Issue Costs		-		-		585,585		585,585
Capital Outlay		-		-		1,468,399		1,468,399
Total Expenditures		204,691		1,884,257		2,053,984		4,142,932
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		374,861		366,258		(1,985,740)		(1,244,621)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer to Other Fund		-		-		(13,381)		(13,381)
Transfer from Other Fund		-		13,381		-		13,381
Developer Advance		-		-		1,468,399		1,468,399
Bond Issuance		-		-		19,300,000		19,300,000
Original Issue Premium		-		-		392,904		392,904
Repay Developer Advance - Interest		-		-		(702,977)		(702,977)
Repay Developer Advance - Principal		-		-		(16,944,037)		(16,944,037)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				13,381		3,500,908		3,514,289
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		374,861		379,639		1,515,168		2,269,668
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		653,244		1,557,342		-		2,210,586
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	1,028,105	\$	1,936,981	\$	1,515,168	\$	4,480,254

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 2,269,668

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense, the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Capital Outlay	1,468,399
Depreciation Expense	(585,437)
Conveyance of Assets to Other Entities	(1,551,792)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Bond Proceeds	(19,300,000)
Bond Premium	(392,904)
Bond Principal Payment	325,000
Amortization of Bond Premium	115,885
Repayment of Developer Advance Principal	16,944,037
Repayment of Developer Advance Interest	702,977
Developer Advance	(1,468,399)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest - Developer Advance	(179,356)
Change in Accrued Bond Interest Payable	(65,889)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (1,717,811)

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

REVENUES		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
	Φ	504 007	Φ	504 007	Φ	E40 E77	Φ	(4.4.000)
Property Taxes	\$	531,237	\$	531,237	\$	516,577	\$	(14,660)
Specific Ownership Taxes		31,874		31,874		41,604		9,730
Net Investment Income		11,115		11,115		21,371		10,256
Total Revenues		574,226		574,226		579,552		5,326
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Accounting		25,000		25,000		24,884		116
Audit		4,500		4,500		4,000		500
County Treasurer's Fees		7,969		7,969		7,750		219
Directors' Fees		200		200		600		(400)
Insurance		4,290		4,290		3,677		613
District Management		20,000		20,000		17,514		2,486
Legal		30,000		30,000		16,869		13,131
Dues		1,000		1,000		1,150		(150)
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		1,308		692
Banking Fees		250		250		165		85
Payroll Taxes		15		15		-		15
Detention Pond Maintenance		15,000		15,000		-		15,000
Election Expense		-		-		-		-
Landscaping		70,000		70,000		69,696		304
Landscaping Maintenance - Floral		15,000		15,000		-		15,000
Pest Control		5,000		5,000		4,000		1,000
Snowplowing and Sweeping		15,000		15,000		17,063		(2,063)
Utilities		12,000		31,785		36,015		(4,230)
Contingency		2,991		2,991		-		2,991
Total Expenditures		230,215		250,000		204,691		45,309
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		344,011		324,226		374,861		50,635
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		575,319		653,244		653,244		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	919,330	\$	977,470	\$	1,028,105	\$	50,635

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Park 70 Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by court order and decree of the District Court in and for Adams County on January 8, 2004, and recorded with the Adams County Clerk and Recorder on January 27, 2004, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under the Amended and Restated Service Plan approved by the City of Aurora on February 17, 2006, as amended by that First Amendment approved by the City of Aurora on January 25, 2016 (collectively, the Amended Service Plan). The District's service area is located entirely within the City of Aurora in Adams County, Colorado. The District was established to provide financing for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, installation, relocation and redevelopment of certain public improvements, including but not limited to, the powers described in Colorado statutes and the Colorado Constitution, except for certain limitations pursuant to the Service Plan including fire protection, television relay and translation and golf course construction.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the District is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure (e.g., storm drainage, streets, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Monumentation	20 Years
Street Lights	20 Years
Traffic and Safety Controls	20 Years
Water Improvements	20 Years
Sanitation Improvements	20 Years
Stormwater Drainage	20 Years
Parks and Recreation	20 Years
Transportation	20 Years

Amortization

Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the board of directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments\$ 1,036,131Cash and Investments - Restricted3,524,375Total Cash and Investments\$ 4,560,506

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 29,612
Investments	4,530,894
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,560,506

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2019, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$29,612.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2019, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted Average	
	Under 60 Days	\$ 2,780,679
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	 1,750,215
Total		\$ 4,530,894

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019 follows:

	_	Balance -			_	Balance -
	D	ecember 31,			D	ecember 31,
		2018	 Increases	 Decreases		2019
Capital Assets, Not Being						
Depreciated:						
Construction in Progress	\$		\$ 1,551,792	\$ 1,551,792	\$	
Total Capital Assets,						
not being depreciated			 1,551,792	 1,551,792		
Capital Assets, being depreciated						
Monumentation	\$	312,633	\$ -	\$ -	\$	312,633
Stormwater Dranage		10,286,325	-	89,970		10,196,355
Parks & Recreation Improvements		1,193,167	6,577	-		1,199,744
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		11,792,125	 6,577	89,970		11,708,732
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Monumentation		187,580	15,632	-		203,212
Stormwater Dranage		-	509,818	-		509,818
Parks & Recreation Improvements		-	59,987	-		59,987
Total Accumulated Depreciation		187,580	585,437	-		773,017
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		11,604,545	(578,860)	89,970		10,935,715
Capital Assets, Net	\$	11,604,545	\$ 972,932	\$ 1,641,762	\$	10,935,715

Depreciation expense for 2019 was charged to the General Government function/program.

During 2019, a significant portion of the capital assets acquired by the District were conveyed to other governmental entities. The costs of all capital assets transferred to other governmental entities were removed from the District's financial records. There is a 20 year warranty period on the capital assets conveyed to other governmental entities. The District anticipates that the costs, if any, associated with the warranty will be insignificant.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2019:

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

	D	Balance - ecember 31,					D	Balance - ecember 31,	Dı	ue Within	
		2018		Additions		Retirements		2019		One Year	
Governmental Activities										<u> </u>	
General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds											
Series 2016	\$	15,815,000	\$	-	\$	165,000	\$	15,650,000	\$	195,000	
General Obligation Bonds											
Series 2019				19,300,000		160,000		19,140,000		185,000	
		15,815,000		19,300,000		325,000		34,790,000		380,000	
Developer Advance - Capital Accrued Interest - Dev Adv - Cap		15,475,638		1,468,399		16,944,037		-		-	
Accrued interest - Dev Adv - Cap		523,621		179,356		702,977	_			-	
		31,814,259		20,947,755		17,972,014		34,790,000		380,000	
Unamortized Bond Premiums		1,885,595		392,904		115,885		2,162,614		117,804	
Total	\$	33,699,854	\$	21,340,659	\$	18,087,899	\$	36,952,614	\$	497,804	

\$16,260,000 General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2016

On September 28, 2016, the District issued its General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2016 Bonds in the principal amount of \$16,260,000. The Series 2016 Bonds have an interest rate of 5.00%. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, and principal is payable annually on December 1. The Series 2016 Bonds were issued at a premium of \$2,106,411 which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. The Series 2016 Bonds were issued for the purpose of (i) paying the Project Costs; (ii) prepaying and cancelling in full the Series 2013 Loan as evidenced by the Promissory Note in the original principal amount of \$10,950,000; and (iii) paying other costs in connection with the issuance of the Bonds and the prepayment of the Loan and the Note.

The Series 2016 Bonds maturing on or after December 1, 2036 are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities (and if in part in such order of maturities as the District shall determine and by lot within maturities), on December 1, 2026, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest. The Series 2016 Bonds maturing on December 1, 2036, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part, by lot, starting on December 1, 2026, and on each December 1 thereafter prior to the maturity date of such Series 2016 Bonds, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium. The Series 2016 Bonds maturing on December 1, 2046, also are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in part, by lot, on December 1, 2037, and on each December 1 thereafter prior to the maturity date of such Series 2016 Bonds, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$16,260,000 General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2016 (Continued)

The Series 2016 Bonds are secured by and payable from monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any collection costs: 1) all Property Tax Revenues, 2) all Specific Ownership Tax Revenues, and 3) any other legally available monies which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund. The Bonds are secured by amounts on deposit in a surplus fund, which was initially funded using \$1,040,597 of funds on hand with the District.

\$19,300,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019

On January 30, 2019, the District issued its \$19,300,000 Series 2019 General Obligation Bonds (the "Series 2019 Bonds"). The Bonds were issued on a parity with the Series 2016 Bonds, with final maturity on December 1, 2048. The proceeds from the Series 2019 Bonds were used for a) paying the Project costs, and b) paying other costs in connection with the issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds.

The Series 2019 Bonds bear interest at a rate of 3.5%-5% per annum, with interest payable semi-annually from Pledged Revenue on June 1 and December1, beginning on June 1, 2019, and principle payable annually from Pledged Revenue on December 1, beginning December 1, 2019. Pledged revenue consists of the following, net of costs of collection: a) all Property Tax Revenues; b) all Specific Ownership Tax Revenues; and c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund.

The Bonds maturing on and after December 1, 2029 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity, and in whole or partial maturities (and if in part in such order of maturities as the District shall determine and by lot within maturities), on December 1, 2028, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par plus accrued interest, without redemption premium.

In 2019, the District levied 7.5 mills for general operating expenses, 28.5 mills for debt service and 1.0 mill pursuant to the Intergovernmental Agreement with the City of Aurora for funding of the Aurora Regional Improvements (ARI Mill Levy).

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 380,000	\$ 1,575,263	\$ 1,955,263
2021	395,000	1,558,113	1,953,113
2022	445,000	1,546,413	1,991,413
2023	465,000	1,526,363	1,991,363
2024	525,000	1,505,413	2,030,413
2025-2029	3,285,000	7,103,865	10,388,865
2030-2034	4,780,000	6,143,315	10,923,315
2035-2039	6,590,000	4,852,201	11,442,201
2040-2044	8,850,000	3,178,700	12,028,700
2045-2048	9,075,000	967,500	10,042,500
Total	\$ 34,790,000	\$ 29,957,146	\$ 64,747,146

Authorized Debt

On November 4, 2003 and May 2, 2006, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$67,050,000 and \$1,000,000,000, respectively, for general obligation bonds at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. As of December 31, 2019, the District had authorized but unissued general obligation indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount	Amount	Amount Authorization		Α	Authorization		Authorization		Authorization		
	Authorized	Authorized	Use	ed, Series	U	Jsed, Series	U	sed, Series	U	sed, Series	Αı	uthorized but
	2003	2006	2008 Bonds		2013 Loan		2016 Bonds		2019 Bonds		Unissued	
Water	\$ 5,300,000	\$ 90,000,000	\$	3,489,000	\$	-	\$	2,208,539	\$	1,265,965	\$	88,336,496
Sanitary Sewer and Storm Drainage	4,800,000	90,000,000		2,284,000		-		1,473,340		9,647,803		81,394,857
Streets	22,606,250	90,000,000		5,894,000		-		3,680,609		7,038,237		95,993,404
Transportation	-	90,000,000		-		-		-		325,844		89,674,156
Park and Recreation Facilities	631,250	90,000,000		508,000		-		-		1,022,151		89,101,099
Mosquito Control	-	90,000,000		-		-		-		-		90,000,000
Safety Protection	-	90,000,000		-		-		-		-		90,000,000
Fire Protection and Emergency Medical	-	90,000,000		-		-		-		-		90,000,000
Television Relay	-	90,000,000		-		-		-		-		90,000,000
Operations	375,000	10,000,000		-		-		-		-		10,375,000
Intergovernmental Agreements	-	90,000,000		-		-		-		-		90,000,000
Refunding	33,337,500	90,000,000		-		10,950,000						112,387,500
	\$ 67,050,000	\$ 1,000,000,000	\$ 1	12,175,000	\$	10,950,000	\$	7,362,488	\$	19,300,000	\$ 1	,017,262,512
					_		_		=		_	

Pursuant to the Amended Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$90,000,000.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuance is not determinable.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2019, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:

Capital Assets, Net	\$ 10,935,715
Long Term Debt Associated with Capital Assets	(12,640,761)
Unspent Bond Proceeds	550,528
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (1,154,518)

Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2019, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

Emergencies	\$ 17,400
Debt Service	 1,805,709
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 1,823,109

The District's has a deficit in unrestricted net position as of December 31. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements, of which a significant portion of these improvements were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The primary developer of the property within the District is ProLogis Corporation, a Maryland real estate investment trust, or its subsidiaries (Developer). The majority of the property within the District is owned by several limited liability companies which are owned and controlled by the Developer and Prudential Real Estate Investors, which is a real estate investment management business of Prudential Insurance. All of the members of the Board of Directors of the District are employees or consultants of the Developer.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Developer Advances

The District has entered into Funding and Reimbursement Agreements with the Developer as follows:

Operations Funding Agreement

The District has entered into Operation Funding Agreements with ProLogis, a Maryland real estate investment trust (Developer), each year from 2004 through 2007, as may be amended from time to time. The District anticipated it would not have sufficient funds to make the payment of its operations and maintenance expenses from 2004 through 2007; therefore, the Developer advanced funds pursuant to these agreements. The advances prior to January 1, 2007, accrued interest at the rate of 300 basis points above the 20 year "AAA" Municipal Market Data rate from the date the debt is incurred by the District. Per the 2007 Operations Funding Agreement, beginning January 1, 2007, the operating advances made under the 2007 Operation Funding Agreement shall accrue simple interest until paid, at the rate of 8%. Per Amendments to the 2004, 2005 and 2006 Operations Funding Agreements, beginning January 2008, the operating advances made under the 2004, 2005 and 2006 agreements shall accrue simple interest until paid at a rate of 7.5%. As of December 31, 2019, no balance is outstanding under this agreement.

Facilities Acquisition Agreement

On November 9, 2015, the District executed the Assignment and Assumption of Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement, assigning the terms of the Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement between Eastgate Commercial Metropolitan District and the Developer to the District. Under the terms of the agreement, the District agreed to reimburse costs advanced by the Developer, together with interest at 300 basis points above the 20 year AAA Municipal Market Data Rate. As of December 31, 2019, the District has no amounts outstanding under this agreement.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS AND COMMITMENTS

Intergovernmental Agreement with the City of Aurora

The District entered into the Amended and Restated Service Plan Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) between the City and the District dated July 27, 2006, as Amended by that First Amendment dated January 25, 2016. The IGA defines and clarifies the services which the District may provide, as well as, those services which the District is prohibited from providing. Pursuant to the Service Plan and IGA, the District is required to impose the Aurora Regional Improvement (ARI) Mill Levy upon all of the property within the District. This mill levy is 1.000 mill for the first twenty years of the District, which for this purpose begins the first year that the District certifies a debt service mill levy. The levy increases to 1.500 mills from the twenty-first year through the date of repayment of debt incurred for Public Improvements, other than Regional Improvements. For the five years subsequent to the period where the 1.500 mills is imposed, the ARI mill levy shall be the lessor of 20.000 mills or a mill levy equal to the average debt service mill levy imposed by the District for the previous ten years.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Aurora Regional Transportation Authority

The District entered into the Aurora Regional Transportation Authority (ARTA) Establishment Agreement as amended, with other metropolitan districts within Aurora. ARTA will plan, design, acquire, construct, relocate, redevelop and finance regional improvements within the boundaries of the metropolitan districts which are a party to the Agreement, using the ARI revenue from each of the districts. In accordance with the IGA, the City has been offered the right to appoint no less than 30% and no more than 49% of the ARTA Board but as of December 31, 2019, had not exercised this right. In 2019, \$67,844 was collected to be remitted under this agreement.

NOTE 9 INTERFUND AND OPERATING TRANSFERS

The transfer from the Capital Projects Fund to the Debt Service Fund was made to transfer excess cost of issuance funds.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 11 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On May 2, 2006, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain all revenue of the District and authorized tax levies to produce taxes of \$1,000,000 annually for operations and maintenance without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin I	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	•		•		•	(== ===)		
Property Taxes	\$	2,018,702	\$	1,962,993	\$	(55,709)		
Property Taxes - ARTA		70,832		68,877		(1,955)		
Specific Ownership Taxes		125,372		163,643		38,271		
Net Investment Income		23,500		55,002		31,502		
Total Revenues		2,238,406		2,250,515		12,109		
EXPENDITURES								
County Treasurer's Fees		30,281		29,449		832		
County Treasurer's Fees - ARTA		1,062		1,033		29		
Paying Agent Fees		3,000		3,000		-		
ARTA Reimbursement		69,770		67,844		1,926		
Bond Interest - Series 2016		784,600		784,600		-		
Bond Principal - Series 2016		165,000		165,000		-		
Bond Interest - Series 2019		983,889		673,331		310,558		
Bond Principal - Series 2019		160,000		160,000		-		
Contingency		10,398		-		10,398		
Total Expenditures		2,208,000		1,884,257		323,743		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		30,406		366,258		335,852		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer from other funds		-		13,381		13,381		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		13,381		13,381		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		30,406		379,639		349,233		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,554,057		1,557,342		3,285		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,584,463	\$	1,936,981	\$	352,518		

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Net investment income	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000	\$ 68,244	\$ (206,756)
Total Revenues	275,000	275,000	68,244	(206,756)
EXPENDITURES				
Bond Issue Costs	270,700	585,585	585,585	-
Capital outlay	1,468,399	1,554,020	1,468,399	85,621
Total Expenditures	1,739,099	2,139,605	2,053,984	85,621
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,464,099)	(1,864,605)	(1,985,740)	(121,135)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Developer advance	1,468,399	1,554,020	1,468,399	(85,621)
Bond Issuance	20,240,000	20,240,000	19,300,000	(940,000)
Original Issue Premium	1,266,837	1,266,837	392,904	(873,933)
Transfer to Other Funds	-	(13,381)	(13,381)	-
Repay Developer Advance - Interest	(625,000)	(702,977)	(702,977)	-
Repay Developer Advance - Principal	(16,944,037)	(16,944,037)	(16,944,037)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,406,199	5,400,462	3,500,908	(1,899,554)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	3,942,100	3,535,857	1,515,168	(2,020,689)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	39,943	-		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,982,043	\$ 3,535,857	\$ 1,515,168	\$ (2,020,689)

OTHER INFORMATION

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2019

\$16,260,000 Series 2016

General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds Dated September 28, 2016

Principal Due December 1

Interest Due June 1 and December 1

			Inte	rest at 5.00%			
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total	
0000	•	105.000	•	770.050	•	074.050	
2020	\$	195,000	\$	776,350	\$	971,350	
2021		205,000		766,600		971,600	
2022		225,000		762,500		987,500	
2023		235,000		751,250		986,250	
2024		270,000		739,500		1,009,500	
2025		280,000		726,000		1,006,000	
2026		315,000		712,000		1,027,000	
2027		330,000		696,250		1,026,250	
2028		370,000		679,750		1,049,750	
2029		385,000		661,250		1,046,250	
2030		425,000		642,000		1,067,000	
2031		450,000		620,750		1,070,750	
2032		490,000		598,250		1,088,250	
2033		515,000		573,750		1,088,750	
2034		565,000		548,000		1,113,000	
2035		590,000		519,750		1,109,750	
2036		645,000		490,250		1,135,250	
2037		675,000		458,000		1,133,000	
2038		730,000		424,250		1,154,250	
2039		770,000		387,750		1,157,750	
2040		830,000		349,250		1,179,250	
2041		870,000		307,750		1,177,750	
2042		940,000		264,250		1,204,250	
2043		985,000		217,250		1,202,250	
2044		1,060,000		168,000		1,228,000	
2045		1,110,000		115,000		1,225,000	
2046		1,190,000		59,500		1,249,500	
2047		, , <u>-</u>		-		-	
2048		-		-		-	
	\$	15,650,000	\$	14,015,200	\$	29,665,200	

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2019

\$19,300,000 Series 2019 General Obligation Bonds Dated January 23, 2019 Principal Due December 1 Interest Due June 1 and December 1

Interest at 3.50-5.00%

		Interes	st at 3.50-5.00%			
Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2020	\$ 185,000	\$	798,913	\$	983,913	
2021	190,000		791,513		981,513	
2022	220,000		783,913		1,003,913	
2023	230,000		775,113		1,005,113	
2024	255,000		765,913		1,020,913	
2025	270,000		753,163		1,023,163	
2026	300,000		742,363		1,042,363	
2027	315,000		727,363		1,042,363	
2028	350,000		711,613		1,061,613	
2029	370,000		694,113		1,064,113	
2030	410,000		675,613		1,085,613	
2031	425,000		655,113		1,080,113	
2032	470,000		633,863		1,103,863	
2033	495,000		610,363		1,105,363	
2034	535,000		585,613		1,120,613	
2035	570,000		558,863		1,128,863	
2036	605,000		538,913		1,143,913	
2037	630,000		516,225		1,146,225	
2038	675,000		492,600		1,167,600	
2039	700,000		465,600		1,165,600	
2040	750,000		437,600		1,187,600	
2041	785,000		407,600		1,192,600	
2042	835,000		376,200		1,211,200	
2043	870,000		342,800		1,212,800	
2044	925,000		308,000		1,233,000	
2045	965,000		271,000		1,236,000	
2046	1,030,000		232,400		1,262,400	
2047	2,320,000		191,200		2,511,200	
2048	 2,460,000		98,400		2,558,400	
	\$ 19,140,000	\$	15,941,946	\$	35,081,946	
	 				 _	

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2019

Total Debt Service Requirements to Maturity Series 2016 and Series 2019 Bonds

	Series 2016 and Series 2019 Bonds							
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2020	\$	290 000	\$	1 575 262	\$	1 055 262		
	Φ	380,000	Φ	1,575,263	Φ	1,955,263		
2021		395,000		1,558,113		1,953,113		
2022		445,000		1,546,413		1,991,413		
2023		465,000		1,526,363		1,991,363		
2024		525,000		1,505,413		2,030,413		
2025		550,000		1,479,163		2,029,163		
2026		615,000		1,454,363		2,069,363		
2027		645,000		1,423,613		2,068,613		
2028		720,000		1,391,363		2,111,363		
2029		755,000		1,355,363		2,110,363		
2030		835,000		1,317,613		2,152,613		
2031		875,000		1,275,863		2,150,863		
2032		960,000		1,232,113		2,192,113		
2033		1,010,000		1,184,113		2,194,113		
2034		1,100,000		1,133,613		2,233,613		
2035		1,160,000		1,078,613		2,238,613		
2036		1,250,000		1,029,163		2,279,163		
2037		1,305,000		974,225		2,279,225		
2038		1,405,000		916,850		2,321,850		
2039		1,470,000		853,350		2,323,350		
2040		1,580,000		786,850		2,366,850		
2041		1,655,000		715,350		2,370,350		
2042		1,775,000		640,450		2,415,450		
2043		1,855,000		560,050		2,415,050		
2044		1,985,000		476,000		2,461,000		
2045		2,075,000		386,000		2,461,000		
2046		2,220,000		291,900		2,511,900		
2047		2,320,000		191,200		2,511,200		
2048		2,460,000		98,400		2,558,400		
	\$	34,790,000	\$	29,957,146	\$	64,747,146		

PARK 70 METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Year Ended	V	Prior ear Assessed /aluation for Current Year	Mills		Total Prop	nertv	Tayes	Percent Collected	
December 31,	_	Tax Levy	Levied	Levied		Collected		to Levied	
2015	\$	31,181,380	37.000	\$	1,153,710	\$	1,153,243	99.96 %	
2016		33,412,740	37.000		1,236,271		1,235,770	99.96	
2017		32,524,740	37.000		1,203,415		1,203,415	100.00	
2018		42,524,020	37.000		1,573,389		1,573,389	100.00	
2019		70,831,650	37.000		2,620,771		2,548,447	97.24	
Estimated for the Year									
Ending December 31, 2020	\$	73,730,300	37.000	\$	2,728,021				